## **COMPARISON OF THE FORMS OF BUSINESS ORGANISATIONS**

	Sole-Proprietorship	Partnership	Limited Partnership (LP)	Limited Liability Partnership (LLP)	Company
Definition	A business owned by one person	An association of two or more persons carrying on business in common with a view to profit	A partnership consisting of two or more persons, with at least one general partner and one limited partner	A partnership where the individual partner's own liability is generally limited	A business form which is a legal entity separate and distinct from its shareholders and directors
Owned by	One person	Generally between 2 and 20 partners. A partnership of more than 20 partners must incorporate as a company under the Companies Act, Chapter 50 (except for professional partnerships)	At least 2 partners; one general partner and one limited partner. No maximum limit.	At least 2 partners, no maximum limit.	Exempt Private Company –20 members or less and no corporation holds beneficial interest in the company's shares  Private Company – 50 members or less  Public Company – can have more than 50 members
Legal Status	Not a separate legal entity	Not a separate legal entity	Not a separate legal entity	A separate legal entity from its partners	A separate legal entity from its members and directors
	Owner has unlimited liability	Partners have unlimited liability	General partner has unlimited liability	Partners have limited liability	Members have limited liability
			Limited partner has limited liability		
	Can sue or be sued in individual's own name	Can sue or be sued in firm's name	Can probably sue or be sued in firm's name	Can sue or be sued in LLP's name	Can sue or be sued in company's name
	Can also be sued in business name				
	Can own property in individual's name	Cannot own property in firm's name	Cannot own property in firm's name	Can own property in LLP's name	Can own property in company's name
	Owner personally liable for debts and losses of business	Partners personally liable for partnership's debts and losses incurred by other partners	General partner personally liable for debts and losses of the LP  Limited partner not personally liable for the debts or obligations of LP beyond amount of his agreed contribution	Partners personally liable for debts and losses resulting from their own wrongful actions  Partners not personally liable for debts and losses of LLP incurred by other partners	Members not personally liable for debts and losses of company

Registration Requirements  Age 18 years or above. Singapore citizen/ Singapore permanent resident/ Employment Pass/ Dependent Pass holder.  If owner not resident in Singapore, he must appoint a local manager who is ordinarily resident in Singapore  Singapore  Self-employed persons must top up their Medisave account with the  CDE Parad before the account of the process of the pro	individuals (at least 18 years old) or body corporate (company or LLP)  At least one director ordinarily resident in Singapore, at least 18 years old  At least one manager ordinarily resident in Singapore, at least 18 years old  At least one manager ordinarily resident in Singapore, at least 18 years old  If a foreigner wishes to act as a local director of the company, he can apply for an EntrePass from the Ministry of Manpower  rsons must top up count with the they register as a LP, become a
he must appoint a local manager who is ordinarily resident in Singapore  Self-employed persons must top up their Medisave account with the  they must appoint a local manager who is ordinarily resident in Singapore  self-employed persons must top up their Medisave account with the  they must appoint a local manager who is ordinarily resident in Singapore  self-employed persons must top up their Medisave account with the  self-employed persons must top up their Medisave account with the	resident in Singapore and at least 18 years old director of the company, he can apply for an EntrePass from the Ministry of Manpower  rsons must top up count with the they register as a LP, become a
their Medisave account with the their Medisave account with the their Medisave acc	they register as a LP, become a
CPF Board before they register a new business name, become a registrant of an existing business name, or renew their business name registration  CPF Board before they register a new business name, become a registrant of an existing business name or renew their business name registration  CPF Board before they register a new business name, become a registrant of an existing business name or renew their business name registration	
Undischarged bankrupts cannot manage business without court or Official Assignee's approval  Undischarged bankrupts cannot manage business without court or Official Assignee's approval  Official Assignee's approval  Undischarged bankrupts cannot manage business vithout court or Official Assignee's	without court or manage business without court or a director and cannot manage a
Formalities Quick and easy to set up Quick and easy to set up Quick and easy to set up	set up Quick and easy to set up More costly to set up and maintain
Easy to administer and manage Easy to administer and manage Easy to administer	Fewer formalities and procedures to comply with than a company  More formalities and procedures to comply with
Registration cost is minimal Registration cost is minimal Registration cost is	Registration cost is relatively minimal and fewer regulatory duties to adhere to than a company  Must appoint a company secretary within 6 months of incorporation
Less administrative duties to adhere to  Less administrative duties to adhere to	No statutory requirement for general meetings, directors, company secretary, share allotments, etc.  Must appoint an auditor within 3 months after incorporation unless the company is exempt from audit requirements
Must renew registration annually  Must renew registration annually  Must renew registration annually	Only an annual declaration of solvency must be lodged by one of the managers stating whether the LLP is able or not able to pay its debts during the normal course of business  One time registration  Annual Returns must be filed Statutory requirements for general meetings, directors, company secretary, share allotments, etc.

	Sole-Proprietorship	Partnership	Limited Partnership (LP)	Limited Liability Partnership (LLP)	Company
Set Up Fee	\$65 (\$15 name application fee and \$50 registration fee)	\$65 (\$15 name application fee and \$50 registration fee)	\$65 (\$15 name application fee and \$50 registration fee)	\$165 (\$15 name application fee and \$150 registration fee)	\$315 (\$15 name application fee and \$300 incorporation fee)
Taxes	Profits taxed at owner's personal income tax rates	Profits taxed at partners' personal income tax rates	Profits taxed at partners' personal income tax rates (if individual)/ corporate tax rate (if corporation)	Profits taxed at partners' personal income tax rates (if individual)/ corporate tax rate (if corporation)	Profits taxed at corporate tax rates
Continuity in Law	Exists as long as the owner is alive and desires to continue the business	Exists subject to partnership agreement	Exists subject to partnership agreement  If there is no limited partner, the LP registration will be suspended and general partners are deemed	The LLP has perpetual succession until wound up or struck off	A company has perpetual succession until wound up or struck off
			registered under the Business Registration Act Once a new limited partner is		
			appointed, the registration of the LP will be restored to "live" and general partners' registration under the Business Registration Act ceases		
Closing the Business	By Owner – Cessation of business	By the partners – Cessation of business or dissolution of partnership	By general partner – cessation of business or dissolution of LP	Winding Up – Voluntarily by members or creditors, compulsorily by the High Court	Winding Up – Voluntarily by members or creditors, compulsorily by the High Court
	Registrar can cancel registration if not renewed or where Registrar is satisfied business is defunct	Registrar can cancel registration if not renewed or where Registrar is satisfied business is defunct	Registrar can cancel registration if not renewed or where Registrar is satisfied LP is defunct	Striking off	Striking off

< Updated as at 15 October 2010>